

ular demonstration of welcome to Ambassador Gerard as he passes through England on his way back to the United States. Cabbed extracts from the British press reflect intense enthusiasm over the action of President Wilson.

WON'T CALL D. C. GUARD

Fort Myer Cavalry and Engineers ... Could Protect U. S. Property ...

Although the national guard of New York, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts have been called out to protect State property, munitions plants and other establishments in which bomb plots are feared, it was officially stated today that the District national guard troops, now home from the border, will not be called into service to guard Federal property.

If the need of troops arouse, officials said today, the cavalry at Fort Myer and the engineers at Washington Barracks would first be called out to patrol any Government property that required protection. No immediate need of a step of this kind, however, is foreseen, and officials believe the watch force of the public buildings will be capable, with such reinforcements as may be added to their ranks, to handle the situation at present.

The War Department already has coast artillery forces stationed at Fort Washington on the Potomac below the Capitol. There is also a large watch force at the Government powder works and proving grounds at Indian Head. This force, it is believed, will be sufficient to fully protect all Government property while the situation remains in its present state.

If, however, war should result more adequate steps will be taken, not only to guard against crank violence, but to strengthen the forts on the Potomac and Chesapeake and mine the river and bay for adequate defense against enemy submarine attacks.

LINERS REPORTED WRECKED

Interned Vessels Ruined, According to Rumor in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 3.—Last the great ships, of intense value to the United States as transports in event of war fall into an enemy's hands, the interned Rhein and Neckar, North German Lloyd steamers, have been wrecked below decks, the report in current in shipping circles.

Not a flicker of surprise was flung across the face of Paul G. L. Hilken, of A. Schumacher & Co., the line's agent, when he was questioned as to this news. "We must absolutely refuse to make any comment," he said.

WARMER WEATHER IS DUE

Snow Flurries Predicted Tomorrow. Basin Barred to Skaters.

Coupled with the announcement that skating will not be allowed on Tidal Basin today was the prediction of the Weather Bureau that warmer weather is due.

From 10 degrees above at the cold start last night, the temperature moved up to 32 degrees at 11 o'clock today.

At 6 o'clock this morning at stood at 18. An hour later the mercury read 19. It advanced to 25 by 9:30 and continued to climb. Flurries of snow slightly below, freezing. Monday cloudy, much colder, probably snow flurries; cold wave in afternoon or night. Increasing southwest shifting to northwest winds reaching gale force late tonight or Monday.

AEROPLANE PLANT OFFERED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The United Eastern Aeroplane Company this afternoon offered its plant, located in Brooklyn, and its aviation school to the Government.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia.—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by rain or snow tonight. Lowest temperature tonight slightly below freezing. Monday cloudy, much colder, probably snow flurries; cold wave in afternoon or night. Increasing southwest shifting to northwest winds reaching gale force late tonight or Monday.

Temperatures.	
8 a. m.	21
9 a. m.	23
10 a. m.	25
11 a. m.	28
12 noon.	32
1 p. m.	37
2 p. m.	39

Tide Table.	
High tides.	8:09 a. m., height 2.0
	6:31 p. m., height 2.1
Low tides.	12:27 a. m., height 0.2
	12:38 p. m., height 0.1

Sun and Moon Table.	
Sun rises.	7:11 a. m.
Sun sets.	5:52 p. m.
Moon rises.	3:23 p. m.
Moon sets.	5:41 a. m.

Light automobile lamps 6:32 p. m.

TELEGRAMS FLOOD THE WHITE HOUSE

President Deluged With Wires, Most Praising Stand He Has Taken.

NOT EVEN COUNTED YET

Started Coming in As Soon As His Speech to Congress Was Printed.

As soon as the clerks in the executive offices of the White House get a breathing spell, they are going to try to count the number of telegrams sent to the President yesterday afternoon and last night from every section of the United States, Canada, Central and South America.

More than 98 per cent of these, it is said, commended his action in severing diplomatic relations with Germany, and assured him of the support of the senders.

From every governor in the country have come pledges of support, and from every class of people offers of service.

Henry Breckinridge, former Assistant Secretary of War, was among those offering to volunteer if occasion demanded.

Telegrams from theaters all over the country announced concerted action toward arousing patriotism by requesting the audience to join with the actors in singing "The Star-Spangled Banner" after each performance.

Mingled with this type are many telegrams expressing a profound hope that the President may yet find a way to avert actual war between the United States and Germany.

A message from Jane Addams, famous Hull House worker, urged a league of neutrals to attempt to restore reason to the imperial government, and prevent the carrying out of the ruthless submarine warfare.

The first stories of the address made to Congress had been on the telegraph wires just long enough to allow the newspapers throughout the country to issue extra editions, when the flood of telegrams commending the President's course began pouring in to Washington.

Every fifteen or twenty minutes during the middle of the afternoon a messenger boy with a dozen or more telegrams would show up at the executive offices. As the afternoon advanced, the number of messages increased, as did the number of telegrams.

By 9 o'clock last night a constant stream of messages was running to and from the offices. Most of the messages were brief. They simply assured President Wilson that the country was behind him in anything he might do. They were gone over the first thing today by Secretary Tumulty, who turned over to Mr. Wilson many of them.

Completely awamped were the telephone systems of the State, War, and Navy Department for several hours after it had become known that the President was to address a joint session of Congress.

Couldn't Get Connection.

To persons on the outside, it was practically impossible to obtain telephone connections with any of the offices in either of the three departments.

It seemed that every official in the big building had been pressed into service and placed at a telephone to make call after call. The congestion did not let up until late in the afternoon.

LAW STUDENTS BANQUET

Washington College of Law Holds Annual Dinner.

The annual banquet of the Washington College of Law was given last night, and was largely attended. George H. Foster, president of the junior class, was toastmaster. Talks were made by Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, honorary dean of the college, and by Mr. E. Laird, who spoke for the senior class. Miss Emma G. Jett, dean of the college; Justice J. Stanton Pelee, president of the board of trustees; Miss Pauline Floyd, of the junior class, and Miss Helen M. Green, of the freshman class.

A musical program was given during the evening.

APPROVE WILSON'S STEP

Travelers' Protective Association Indorses Decision to Break.

President Wilson's course in severing diplomatic relations with Germany, and in sending Count von Bernstorff away from the United States, was approved by Post B of Washington, of the Travelers' Protective Association, at a meeting last night at the Metropolitan Hotel.

A banquet was held following the meeting. Among those present were: August Brill, Dan Colongue, William Bacon, Harry D. Adams, J. E. Jacobs, C. O. Thomas, J. H. Hines, Barnett Shapiro, W. S. Adams, A. Baum, J. A. Carr, A. P. Clift, W. S. Dubin, J. A. Smith, J. W. Ridenour, M. S. Hirsch, W. H. Boag, George H. Hutchins, George T. Byng, Charles H. Kaus, Max Shapiro, H. E. Barnett, W. H. Fisher, Meyer Schwartz, T. F. Finnin, W. H. Draeger, J. J. B. Lerch, W. L. Hart, James C. Hoyle, V. G. Witter, R. D. Steele, D. E. Crove, George Hatcher, Alexander Sharp, William Hart, and H. P. Peaks.

PRESIDENT GRAVE AT CHURCH SERVICE

Pastor Prays for Divine Guidance for Chief Executive in Hour of Stress.

(Continued from First Page.)

With hundreds of men, women, and children aboard, had been torpedoed and sunk.

Every effort was made at once to get confirmation of this, as the President realized the fact, that if true, this duplication of the Lusitania murders would immediately force the United States to war with Germany.

Seems Older.

President Wilson left the White House for church while further official news from Ambassador Page on the Houston sinking was being awaited, and while further news was sought of the Philadelphia.

The President seemed appreciable older as he left the White House shortly before 11:30 o'clock with Mrs. Wilson. His face was drawn and haggard. He appeared to walk with a stoop, as if his responsibilities were bearing down on him as a weight upon his shoulders.

As the President left the White House two today, Washington cars were hauled outside the west gate. One of the occupants of these cars cheered as the President passed. The cheer was taken up by the occupants of the cars.

Voices From States.

It was as if the tourists, who came from the four corners of the country, were assuring the President that they were with him and that he could count not only on them but upon the States from which they came to support the Chief Executive in every move the future may dictate.

The President saw Secretary Tumulty briefly during the morning. He saw no other callers. The President asked that he be informed immediately on the receipt of any official communication and of any developments arising in the critical situation with which he is now grappling.

DIXIE CHAPTER CARD PARTY

Tables Are Reserved for Affair at Raleigh.

The card party by Dixie Chapter, No. 1241, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will be held in the Oak Room of the Raleigh Wednesday afternoon. Those having tables reserved are: Mrs. Goodwin D. Ellsworth, Mrs. A. H. Mitchell, Mrs. John S. Tomlinson, Mrs. George K. Denmark, Mrs. D. A. Skinner, Miss Mamie White, Mrs. Henry Knock, Mrs. Fred Voeland, Mrs. Paul L. Joachim, Mrs. J. W. Rose, Miss Mary Coleman, Mrs. Paul D. Taggart, Mrs. Alfred Marsh, Mrs. D. A. Winstead, Mrs. C. A. McKay, Mrs. Victor H. Olmstead, Miss Madeline Callahan, Mrs. Nathan C. Napier, Mrs. Parker Anderson, Mrs. L. E. White, Miss Mae Grace, Mrs. J. E. Mulcare, Mrs. Florence Foss, and Mrs. Drury C. Ludlow.

LATIN AMERICANS ARE DISAPPOINTED

Latin Newspapers Dissatisfied Over "Individualistic Attitude" of United States.

ALL ACCEPT HOSTILITIES

Press Deplores Failure of All Neutrals to Join Forces Early in War.

By CHARLES P. STEWART.

BUENOS AIRES, Feb. 4.—South American newspapers generally regard the United States diplomatic break with Germany as a prelude to war. Some note of dissatisfaction over the "individualistic attitude" of the United States and regret that there was no attempt made at a concert of action by neutrals was also expressed.

La Nacion, leading newspaper of Buenos Aires, aptly summarized this view today, deploring failure of all neutrals to join forces early in the war.

Now Alone.

"The United States," the editorial declared, "could have directed the movement and have enunciated the words which perhaps would have been decisive and effective. Unfortunately, the United States took more care to maintain its own superiority than to achieve collective action among neutrals."

"Owing to her individualistic attitude, the United States is now alone." Dispatches today indicated that most South American capitals had received copies of the German note.

Sailings Suspended.

The Brazilian Trade and Navigation Company announced today its suspension of sailings for Europe. From Lima, Peru, Minister of Foreign Affairs de la Riva Aguiro was quoted as saying that Peru "would act deliberately, mindful of all interests." Newspapers in Peru urge caution likewise, suggesting that the republic follow the lead of the bigger South American nations.

The newspaper Mercurio, of Santiago, declared the German note was "another example of German pledges never fulfilled."

War to Be Blamed.

El Diario Ilustrado believes "Germany is using her last weapon. It is not Germany but the war that is to be blamed."

El Diario Ilustrado believes "Germany is using her last weapon. It is not Germany but the war that is to be blamed."

"All belligerents have violated the law of right. The submarine is a new weapon; if we recognize it at all, we must recognize that we can't capture, but must sink it. We are pacifists as always. Argentina is small, therefore she has not profited from the war as the United States has. If the latter enters the war the time has come for us to reap our share in the profits."

The editorial, continuing, nevertheless predicts that the German-American situation will be the status quo.

From Business Men.

It is generally considered among the most neutral South American newspapers that Razon's quotations are from bankers and business men.

From the South American standpoint the situation is considered grave; events impossible to predict. The best guess tonight was that South Americans would not imitate the United States—except possibly Uruguay. The masses of the people in some countries favor such a step in line with the United States, but the governments of those countries are generally opposed.

Dispatches from Rio late last night said Foreign Minister Muller had returned to the capital and held a lengthy conference with President Braz. Muller would not comment on the situation, but it is believed he favors continued neutrality by Brazil. Tremendous excitement followed news of the German-American break here yesterday.

Bombs, which the newspaper offices exploded from their roofs to call attention to the news posted on their

bulletin boards, called a big crowd to

gether. This great gathering made practically no distinction between the diplomatic break announced by Washington and a declaration of war. Being enthusiastically pro-ally and pro-American, they cheered the announcement enthusiastically.

Do Not Issue Extras.

Buenos Aires newspapers do not issue "extras"—they blow whistles or fire off bombs on the roofs of their buildings to call the public's attention to big news, posted on the bulletin boards. There was a perfect fusillade of bombs and noises today calling attention to various news bulletins.

The same crowds and cheers about newspaper offices—varying according to local sympathies—were reported from Rio de Janeiro, Santiago de Chile, Valparaiso, and other South American cities.

Nowhere, it was significantly noted, was there apparent any sign of hostility against America for her course, even in cities where there is an unusually large German population.

May Modify Neutrality.

A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro received tonight quoted Deputy Souza Silva as declaring the situation may force Brazil to modify her neutrality, and support the United States in anything President Wilson determines upon. The Brazilian Foreign Minister, Souza Dantas, refused to comment.

HELD ON WOMAN'S DYING STATEMENT

Guy Boyd Powers Arrested Following Shooting of Woman in Boarding House.

Accused of murder in the dying statement of his alleged victim, Guy Boyd Powers, a Navy Yard mechanic, protested in his cell at the first precinct today that the killing of Mrs. Rosemary Heley, of 1231 New York avenue northwest, was an accident.

When an inquest into the manner in which the rooming house proprietor met her death is held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock the slain woman's mother will be present to hear the story and face the man accused of responsibility for the tragedy.

The grief-stricken mother telegraphed the police she would reach Washington from Munich, Ind., where she was advised of Mrs. Heley's death at Emergency Hospital last night.

In her dying statement, the police say, Mrs. Heley swore she was first wounded when she grappled with Powers for possession of a revolver which he was brandishing while threatening her life. The struggle occurred in a room on the third floor. When she started down the steps she was shot a second time, according to the statement.

Powers, who was formally charged with murder after the woman's death at 7 o'clock last night, today said the revolver was discharged only during the scuffle in the room.

TO TELL FAIRY TALES.

The Story Tellers' League will give "An Evening of Fairy Tales" Saturday evening in the oak room of the Raleigh. Miss Dorothy Heilman and Miss Evelyn Shedd will be in charge of the program.

MISSISSIPPIANS TO DINE.

The Mississippi Society of Washington will give a banquet at the New Ebbitt next Saturday evening, when Congressman Benjamin G. Humphries, of Greenville, Miss., will act as toastmaster, and the entire Mississippi delegation in Congress will be guests.

U. S. DELAYS ACTION ON AUSTRIAN ENVOY

Credentials May Not Be Accepted, Is Belief—Note From Austria Arrives.

That the Credentials of Count

Tarnowski, new Austrian ambassador, may not be accepted by the Government was regarded as a possibility in official circles this afternoon. The State Department announced that the matter of accepting his credentials had not been determined, but it was significant that a communication from Austria—probably a note similar to Germany's war declarations—came in this afternoon.

It is known Austria was sending such a note. Hence if she is joining hands with Germany there is no reason that officials can see why similar treatment should not be accorded to the Austrian envoy as was accorded Bernstorff.

Tarnowski Is Silent.

Count Tarnowski would not talk for publication until after his status had been definitely fixed.

Count Tarnowski called at the State Department today about noon, but would give out no statement regarding matters discussed at that time. It was understood that no date has yet been fixed for his presentation to President Wilson.

After his call on Secretary Lansing he returned to the embassy and remained in seclusion during the rest of the day.

A pall of suspense hung over the Austrian embassy throughout the afternoon. All who called at the embassy to see the ambassador were informed that he was "out to everyone."

Hear Nothing From Vienna.

Most of the ambassador's official family spent the afternoon hours at the embassy, leaving only for brief intervals to take luncheon at the nearby clubs and hotels.

"We heard absolutely nothing from Vienna," declared one of the attaches. "Further than this, I can say nothing. We know nothing yet."

"It is not essential that Austria should break with the United States over the submarine question," was the opinion expressed by a well-informed diplomat. "Austria can operate her submarines without any violation of the rights of neutrals and still continue to do effective service. Germany probably has agreed to shoulder the responsibility as far as neutrals are concerned."

Favorites in Society.

The members of the embassy here are all popular favorites in official and resident society. Most of them have been here since the days preceding the European war, and have made wide circles of friends. They have not been attending social functions recently, however, out of respect to the memory of Francis Joseph.

Scores of persons telephoned the attaches of the embassy throughout the afternoon expressing regret over the break and hoping that it would not mean the taking away from Washington of certain of the embassy officials by a subsequent break with Austria.

Every edition of the papers was eagerly purchased and read by the embassy officials and every call and inquiry was met with the words: "We are still waiting for news from Vienna."

SIGMA NU PHI SMOKER.

J. Miller Kenyon, chancellor, was the principal speaker at an informal smoker given last night at the University Club by the members of the Sigma Nu Phi fraternity. William C. Clabaugh gave several songs.

PLANS TO RUSH 113 WARSHIPS FOR U. S.

Congressman Britten to Ask House for \$119,000,000 Appropriation Tomorrow.

(Continued from First Page.)

Newport News Shipbuilding Company. The dreadnaught Idaho is 65 per cent complete at the New York Shipbuilding Company.

"By using utmost speed these three warships may be made ready for battle within six months. The battleships Tennessee and California, now being built at the New York navy yard and Mare Island yard, respectively, will be completed within a year and a half under favorable conditions."

"With a speed-up appropriation it will be possible for us to finish twenty-nine submarines of the coast defense types within three months. These are at various ship yards. It is not disclosed how many of our submarines are at present in fighting trim."

"Destroyers are highly necessary if the fleet is to go to sea. The destroyers Allen and Shaw are probably 90 per cent complete, the former at the Bath Iron Works and the latter at Mare Island."

Six Other Destroyers.

"Six other destroyers authorized in 1915 are from 2 to 43 per cent complete, and it is imperative they be rushed."

"The transport Henderson, the fuel ship Cuvama, and the supply ship Bridge are from 90 to 95 per cent complete. They can be put out within thirty days under rush orders."

Congressman Britten says an emergency appropriation of \$119,000,000 will make possible the completion within two months to two years of a total of 113 fighting ships, as follows:

Nine dreadnaughts, four battle cruisers, four scout cruisers, twenty-eight destroyers, sixty-three submarines, one gun boat, one ammunition ship, two hospital ships, and one transport.

Asked about the ocean-going submarines which the House Committee included in the building program last session, Mr. Britten said:

"If we go to war with Germany, I do not think we would send any submarines to Europe. Our submarines would be used for coast defense purposes—to guard our harbors and prevent the approach of enemy ships."

"The most important thing ahead of this Congress is to see that both Government and private shipbuilding yards are put to work night and day on the vessels of the United States."

HOW TO JUDGE A WOMAN BY HER HAIR

There is real common sense in just noticing whether the hair is well kept to judge of a woman's neatness, or good taste. If you are one of the few who try to make the most of your hair, remember that it is not advisable to wash hair with any cleanser made for all purposes, but always use some good preparation made expressly for shampooing. You can enjoy the very best by getting some canthrox from your druggist, dissolve a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. This makes a full cup of shampoo liquid, enough so it is easy to apply it to all the hair instead of just the top of the head. Dandruff, excess oil, and dirt are dissolved and entirely disappear. Your hair will be so fluffy that it will look much heavier than it is. Its lustre and softness will also delight you, while the stimulated scalp gains the health which insures hair growth—Adv.

Goldheim's

We Have Moved to Our New Home

Fourteenth at New York Avenue

Having Added

Clothing and Haberdashery

To Our Well Known

Tailoring Establishment

Opening Day, February 5th, 1917

From Then On As in the Past, We Are

"PLEDGED TO QUALITY"

Goldheim's

Fourteenth at New York Avenue

Established 1875

The Palais Royal

A. LISNER G STREET

BASEMENT SHOE STORE

Superior Shoes

for the woman who wants to pay a low price and get high-grade shoes—here is your opportunity.

For Tomorrow

Special \$2.15

A Large Variety of Styles and Leathers



Good Range of Sizes and Widths

The Young Men's Shop

1319-1321 F Street

STORE HOURS: EVERY DAY, 11 A. M. to 6 P. M.

February 4

STORE NEWS

1319-1321 F St.

Purchases Delivered Free to Any Part of the United States by Parcel Post

"If you don't want it, bring it back"

We say that with absolute sincerity, and we'll return the purchase price without causing you to feel the slightest embarrassment in asking it. Every garment here is so thoroughly desirable, and can be disposed of so easily at our present sale prices, that we do not hesitate a second in making the following proposition:

We will cheerfully refund your money if you wish to return one of these Suits or Overcoats after you've purchased it and examined it at your home, even if alterations have been made.

Your choice of our

FALL and WINTER Suits \$15

This Includes Everything Formerly Priced up to \$35 (Dress Clothes Excepted)

Clothing prices will certainly have tremendous advances—NOW is the time to save money. We're offering you all that any shop can possibly show in the way of style and variety of models; the stock is so complete that no size is lacking, and our qualities are KNOWN.

All Overcoats Formerly Priced \$22 or Less, now \$13.95

All Overcoats Formerly Priced \$35 or Less, now \$17.95